



FOR EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT, Local Items General and War News, see this page—Latest News by Telegraph and Marine Journal, this page—Subscription and Advertising Terms and Miscellaneous Reading, first page. Advertisers are not allowed to insert store type display these or cuts in the columns of this paper.

THE WAR A NECESSITY.

Perhaps the heaviest curse which afflicts the nations is the real or supposed necessity of keeping up vast armies and fleets. Countless millions of treasure thus yearly consumed even in times of peace, and when hostilities break out, which must occur at short intervals, because the very preparation is of itself provocative of collision, then the waste of wealth goes on with frightful rapidity and has added to it a fearful destruction of human life and health.

Countless are the evils attendant upon this gigantic evil; and these are greatest where warlike nations are in close proximity, as on the eastern continent. The enemy being near may strike suddenly, and so each nationality, in the absence of that mutual faith and confidence which might otherwise guarantee security, must be always in panic to its infinite cost and discomfort. Happily for the peace and prosperity of our own more favored land, a wide ocean separates us from the great military powers who have desolated the earth with their warfare. Thus have we been exempted from invasion, with its correlative necessity for huge and expensive armaments. Thus have we expanded and prospered in all the arts of peace and civilization with such a bountiful diffusion of comfort and enjoyment among our people as to invite hither an unprecedented immigration from other lands. The mightiest monarchies of the world grew uneasy as they contemplated our progress, and feared that freedom was rearing in the western world an impregnable fortress.

A part, then, from other high considerations touching human liberty and social happiness, was it wonderful that these free States of the north uprose with uncontrollable indignation when they clearly saw the fell design of traitorous demagogues? Averse as they were to war, and fully as they appreciated all its horrors, they had no choice left them, when they surveyed the evils of a disunited country with an island frontier available at a thousand points, and liable to the calamities attendant upon border warfare. Even those who were most attached to peace and its countless blessings—nay, even wise and pious men whose cardinal religious principle was specially condemnatory of war—recalled from the idea of a disrupted country; for they were unable to shut their eyes to the inevitable consequences. How hopeless seemed even the task of fixing a boundary line, were separation conceded to the malcontents; and how odious to northern sentiment to surrender to the tender mercies of a half savage people the devoted Unionists in their midst who had bravely upheld the banner of the republic!

It could not be—we could not consent to the mighty change, even had it been proposed in a calm and reasonable spirit, for we might well allege that those who proposed it did not understand their own true interests; and, being a very small portion of the whole people, could not rightfully demand the severance into parts of this great republic. Still less was the proposition admissible when accompanied by innumerable acts of insult, oppression and cruelty. The rebels shut the door against a peaceful adjustment, and manifested an imperious spirit giving little hope of future tranquility if we allowed them to build up and consolidate that military despotism which their leaders so candidly and imprudently admitted could alone render permanent an undivided slave oligarchy. So armed and so strengthened the leaders of rebellion would hold in iron bondage the inferior class of their own white population, and reducing them to a condition little more enviable than that of their black slaves, lead them over and anon in hostile aggression against the free north. Fortresses and armies would line the separating boundary, and their cost and waste would eat up the substance of the people.

Therefore was it that the north refused to break up this government. They preferred instead to encounter the present war, less shameful acquiescence might bring on many wars

through an indefinite future. Great as are its sacrifices, there was no avoiding them, unless, for the sake of a miserable truce, we had encountered the risk of interminable wars.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS.

PRESENTATION OF SWORD AND SPEARS TO GEN. I. L. STEVENS.—The following touching and stirring correspondence (which we are proud to be the first by kind permission to lay before the public) speaks for itself. We will simply premise that immediately after the sad but most gallant action on James Island near Charleston, the officers and soldiers of the memorable 79th Highlanders, took occasion to present their brave and noble-spirited Brigadier, our former townsman, Gen. I. L. Stevens, a magnificent sword and spear, as a testimonial of their gratitude and pride. The net and the correspondence reflect (equal honor on both parties) and we are sure the letters will be read with profound satisfaction by our fellow-citizens.

Brig. Gen. Isaac I. Stevens:
SIR.—An unanimous feeling of gratitude and respect pervading the non-commissioned officers and privates of the 79th Regiment, Highland Guard, New York State Militia, and wishing to give that feeling a humble and appropriate expression, we have determined to-day to present for your acceptance this sword, feeling assured that by you it will be worthily worn, and never drawn but in defense of human rights and their political guarantees. Your recent connection with us as our Colonel, as our friend, and as our counsellor, has fitted us in a peculiar manner to judge of, and appreciate your virtues in each of these capacities. Coming amongst us at a critical period in our history as a Regiment; when our fair fame was eclipsed and demoralization was fast hurrying us to the vortex of Anarchy, you listened to the story of our wrongs; tempered your decisions against the crying ones with the high attributes of mercy, and bade us hope. We did hope, and for long we found ourselves recuperated and in camp advance. There our aid in us was perfected, and our esteem became affection. When it was announced that your distinguished military services had brought you brighter and greener laurels, we were glad and proud; but sorrow deep and profound pervaded our ranks when it was made known that your services were demanded in another sphere, and that we must separate. The exclamation of "Tak us wye," which greeted you upon that day's parade, was heartfelt and sincere, and your intervention on our behalf has enabled us to preserve our connection if not as close not the less fondly.

Your valuable and beneficent life may long be spared to the service and to mankind, and that the blessing of God rest upon you, and upon your family, in the sincere prayer of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the SEVENTY-NINTH, HIGHLAND GUARD.
Reply of Gen. Stevens:
Fellow Soldiers of the Highland Guard! I have not words to express my gratitude for this unexpected and unmerited mark of your confidence and affection. We came together not only at a critical period of your own history as a Regiment, but at a critical period of our country's history; when the armies had been stricken down, and dismay and discouragement spread over the length and breadth of the land. It was time for the true and strong to come to the work, and by a firm stand in our country's cause, again to cause hope and faith to spring up in the hearts of men. You recollect we moved from our camp of "Hope" on the beautiful heights in rear of Washington, to the camp of the "Advance" across the Potomac. There I spoke to you words of encouragement, and together in the glorious light of day we won back our colors. We had soon become acquainted; as your Colonel, I ever found you brave and true. The pathos of your address, its living expressions, touch me. When I was ordered South, and rode through your ranks to say farewell, and saw the tear gleam in every many eye and heard the words "Tak us wye" from every lip, I thought we cannot part, so on reaching Annapolis I said to our late respected and able Commander General Sherman; "Send for the Highlanders. They want to come and you can depend upon them." We sent for you. Here you have been, and here you are today. Have you not at all ways done well? Have you not all the Highlanders behind?

I know not which feeling of my heart is strongest in regard to you, my pride or my affection. You firm steel for your enemies, and the open hand and heart for your friends. Such are you, beloved comrades. In the late, and glorious fight, where were you? Laggards, or seeking the front on the double quick to succor your friends the 8th Michigan, led on by your gallant Lieutenant Colonel, there, David Morrison? You gained that front and parapet, and some of our noblest and your best there, and a noble grave. Not a laggard, not a fugitive—all the Regiment in line—all by your command and in order of battle—profundly affected by the circumstance that you have seized such an occasion to show your regard for me. Yes, beloved comrades, we are ready to expose and die for Country. We will keep bravely to our work (if this day be terrible, war is ended, and peace smiles again upon the land).

My friends, I shall endeavor to be of respect and affection. I accept it not as it must be gratefully. God willing, that sword shall ever be borne by me in defence of my country's rights and in the cause of God and humanity. The spurs I wear from my friends of the Drum Corps, the boys who scour the battle field and bring off the dead and wounded men, I will wear in memory of your mission, and perhaps some day they may urge the feet aside to your relief and assistance.

Friends, the blithe of your native land has stung our enemies and been an ornament to our friends. It has been plucked here, and glorious properties has it in the palm-tree soil. In conclusion permit me again to express my deep gratitude for these marks of your affection and esteem.

on the same terms as last year, to which the Company have acceded, and, we therefore are not to be deprived of light. The offer of the state to furnish arms for the National Guards on the responsibility of the City, which in return can make the various companies responsible was favorably considered. We shall publish a full report of the proceedings from the official paper to-morrow.

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION.—An excursion will be given on the Fourth for the benefit of Co. B National Guards, to enable them to procure cases for their new muskets, which they expect to be furnished with on Thursday. We hope the public will give their patronage liberally to this excursion as the company have already been to more personal expense than their circumstances warrant, and deserve in every way the support and good will of the community.

STILL MORE FOR THE WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—I acknowledge the receipt of the following sums, in aid of our sick and wounded soldiers, in addition to the amount previously acknowledged: \$1014.85 R. I. Lodge, No. 12, I. O. of O. F. \$25.00 Christopher Townsend, \$25.00 1064.82

WILLIAM H. CRANSTON, Mayor.

FIRE WORKS! FIRE WORKS!—Our friend Young of Parade Corner has furnished us with the wherewithal to celebrate the glorious Fourth in the most brilliant manner. It is needless to say that he is prepared to furnish a large variety of all the various "blow up" and "bang up" articles necessary for a true old fashioned observance of the National Holiday.

Vicksburg.
While we are waiting to hear of the great events around Richmond, the Union forces on the Mississippi are applying their energies to the removal of the last obstruction to the free navigation of that river. The city of Vicksburg is the last rebel stronghold left in a line of nearly a thousand miles which was closed to loyal approach a few months ago. It is situated on high ground, in a commanding bend of the river, nearly four hundred miles from New Orleans, and just six hundred by the course of the river from Cairo. It is a city of considerable business importance, and of growing population till the outbreak of this ruinous rebellion.

It appears from rebel statements that Com. Farragut's fleet of twenty gunboats and mortars opened fire on the batteries below the city on the 23d. It was probably a mere trial attempt to get the range, preparatory to the regular action. The rebel fleet had gone down from above, and had communication with Com. Farragut on Wednesday. It arranged that a joint attack should begin last Saturday. But as Capt. Davis has started with the rest of the flotilla from Memphis since that arrangement was made, it is possible that the combined operations in earnest may be deferred till his arrival yesterday or today.

There is little doubt that the attack, whenever it is made, will succeed. Van Dorn, the rebel commander in the vicinity, has ordered away the women and children, and with 12,000 men, has resolved to hold the position. But it is not as he says, and if he lives, he will, within a few days, see the Mississippi opened to loyal navigators from its mouth to its sources.—*Boston Journal.*

Paris Gossip.—The Paris correspondent of the Express gives the following account of an interview between Napoleon III and the grimaldin:

"Last week, the Minister of the Interior, the Count de Persigny, gave one of his 'private receptions,' distinguished from a public reception by the note of none being present except upon invitation. A card was sent to Mr. Sidiell the day before, requesting his presence; but he sent an excuse and did not come. In the course of the evening, however, the Count de Persigny ordered up his carriage, and getting into it, went himself to Mr. Sidiell's residence, and sent word up to him that it was a matter of the greatest importance that he should come. Mr. Sidiell got into the carriage with Persigny, and drove to his residence, where the 'Ambassador' found a considerable assemblage of the very highest personages of Paris, and among them no less important an individual than his Majesty Napoleon the Third, with whom it is said Mr. Sidiell sat in a corner and chatted for nearly an hour. This was only a day or two before the departure of Persigny for England, whether it is expressed he has gone upon business connected with American affairs—either ours or those of Mexico. I should like to be able to inform you what the Emperor said to Sidiell, and am sorry that it is not in my power; but we begin to believe here that the idea of intervention on the part of his Majesty has assumed a new form, and that mediation will be used, if used at all, to induce the rebels to lay down their arms and relinquish a struggle which is daily growing more hopeless."

CONSERVATIVE.—A meeting of conservative members of Congress, was held in Washington on Saturday. Hon. J. H. Crittenden presided. A series of resolutions, prepared by a committee appointed at a previous meeting, was presented, and elicited some discussion, but after amendments were adopted. They are highly conservative in their character, going in for maintaining the war on the most milk-and-water principles, classing secessionists and abolitionists in the same category, and opposing all acts of confiscation. Only about thirty-five persons were present.

WAR NEWS.
McCLELLAN STILL FIGHTING SATURDAY EVENING.
EXPECTED CAPTURE OF FORT DARLING—THE UNION TROOPS EVEN VICTORIOUS—THE GREAT BATTLE JUST BEGUN.

New York, July 1.—The correspondent of a Philadelphia paper, whose letter is dated evening of the 28th, states that we are still fighting. Fort Darling will be ours to-morrow, and possibly Richmond will be occupied and the rebel army cut to pieces by the 4th of July.

General McClellan remarked to-night to the bearer of dispatches that we were everywhere victorious but the great battle had just begun, and he could not make a report until the job is done.

The Great Battle.—There seems to be, after all, excellent reason for the government not furnishing information in reference to the recent battles before Richmond, for a despatch to the Boston papers of last evening states that the government has no accurate information of the state of affairs in the Peninsula, in consequence of the interruption of telegraphic communication. The reports which we print this morning, from newspaper correspondents, furnish far from satisfactory accounts of the battles of Thursday and Friday. They do not touch the events of Saturday or Sunday. We believe that a history of the four days will show that we have been entirely successful, and that the rebel capital, if not in our possession is within our grasp. Our faith in the good generalship of the Commander, and in the discipline and bravery of the army before Richmond is undiminished, and though General McClellan's predictions of the severity of the contest may prove true, we allow ourselves to be troubled with no doubt of his success. This faith is a comfortable one, and we cling to it.—*N. Y. Mercury.*

What the Washingtonians Escaped.—Parson Brownlow had arranged to speak to the Smithsonian Institute in Washington last evening, for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers, but having learned of another entertainment in the city on the same evening for the same charitable purpose, he withdrew his appointment in a characteristic letter, of which the following is the closing paragraph:—

It is perhaps well enough for my appointment to be withdrawn, for some of the points I intended to make, would have been anything but agreeable to a large class of your citizens. I intended to pay my respects to men and their families, who are talking secession talk, and sympathizing with this internal rebellion, and still living off of this Government. And I intended to voice the fears and apprehensions of those who have such a dread of abolitionists, and have no dread of secessionists. And I intended other bits of a personal character, that would have fallen with some force in other quarters, and might have resulted in my getting flogged, a matter I was willing to risk. I intended to voice the wishes of an unconditional Union man.

"The Keep 'em Awake."—Near Newark, N. J., lived a very pious family who had taken an orphan boy to raise, who by the way, was rather underweight. He had imbibed very ardent views on religious matters, however, and once asked his adopted mother if she didn't think it wrong for the old farmers to come to church, and fall asleep, paying no better regard to the service. She replied she did. Accordingly before church the next Sunday, he filled his pockets with apples. One head-ached old man, who invariably went to sleep during the sermon, particularly attracted his attention. Seeing him at last nodding and giving nasal evidence of being in the "land of dreams," he hauled off and took the astounded sleeper with an apple square on the top of his bald pate. The minister and aroused congregation at once turned around and gazed indignantly at the boy, who merely said to the preacher, as he took another apple in his hand with a sober honest expression of countenance: "With your preach, I'll keep 'em awake."

The Crops in the West.—From all parts of Ohio, and from the western portions of Indiana, Illinois and Michigan, we have the most encouraging accounts as to the growing crops. The breadth of land in wheat and corn is unusually great. In this region the farmers are about ready to "thrash in the sickle," and gather their wheat. And never did this grain look finer. Some fields have "lodged" to a considerable degree, but these fields are not many. The corn is not so well grown as at some seasons; but it is looking vigorous and of good color. Should the season prove favorable hereafter, there is ample time to make a splendid crop. The foreign crops are large and promising abundantly. The fruit crop looks fair to be immense. The early summer fruits have been abundant and of superior excellence. The fall fruits, apples, peaches, pears, plums, are coming forward in prodigious quantities. We have seen many peach trees lately propped to assist them in bearing the load even now upon them.—*Ohio State Journal.*

Gen. Prim has given Napoleon III. some excellent advice concerning Mexican intervention, which we hope the Emperor will lay to heart, but we fear he will not heed it. Odd, isn't it? that the only thing that is freely given, good advice, should always be freely thrown away by the receiver? Perhaps they think that if it were really good for anything it would be sold, and that the sending of it would be accompanied by a whopping bill.—*Traveler.*

The Wounded before Richmond.—As soon as it was known yesterday that a battle had taken place in front of Richmond, Dr. Dala telegraphed to Surgeon General Hammond at Washington, inquiring whether more surgical assistance was needed, and saying that surgeons would be sent from here if necessary. A reply has been received from Dr. Hammond to the effect that at present no more are needed, but when they are they will be sent for.—*Boston Journal.*

A seven year old boy of this city, lately heard to use profane language on being reproved by his parents, and directed to ask God's forgiveness, retired to his room, and was overheard to say, "O God, I am very sorry I said that naughty word, but I won't say it any more; but please hurry and make me grow up to be a man, and then I can swear as much as I want to, and grandpa, and nobody will notice it."—*N. Y. Standard.*

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DRESS GOODS
NEW ELEGANT AND CHEAP
JUST RECEIVED BY
H. H. YOUNG, Young's Brick Block
June 25-3m

AT A MEETING
OF THE CITY COUNCIL, held July 1, 1862, the following Ordinance was read and passed:
AN ORDINANCE relative to the sale of FUEL in the Streets, &c.
It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newport, as follows:
Section 1. No person shall occupy any portion of any street, sidewalk, wharf, alley, lane, or other public place, for the sale of fuel, from any table, stand, wheeledbarrow, or vehicle of any kind, between 9 o'clock, A. M., and 6 o'clock P. M.
Sec. 2. Any person violating the provisions of section one of this Ordinance shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty dollars, or be imprisoned not less than ten days nor more than thirty days.
True copy attested,
July 2—lawdr. B. H. HOWLAND, City Clerk.

WAGONS FOR SALE.
WO new light Express Wagons will be sold low if applied for immediately.
WILLIAM MASON,
No. 178 Thames St.
July 2-1w
MAGNETIC Tack Hammers—another lot voice just received at BLISS, 117 Thames st.
ITALIAN, Fencing and Rating Irons at July 2 BLISS, 117 Thames st.
WIRE Bird Cages of different styles at July 2 BLISS, 117 Thames st.
SUPERIOR HAMS, dried Reelford Lard, at July 2 17 & 19 Broad and 1 Spring st.
EXTRA London Layer Raisins—Currants, Citron, Candied Orange Peel and Preserved Ginger, at CORNELL'S, July 2 17 & 19 Broad and 1 Spring st.

CATSUPE & SAUCES at CORNELL'S, July 2 17 & 19 Broad and 1 Spring st.
LES Miscellaneous—Faint in French. Mill on Representative Government, Students Abroad, The First, by the Author of Gambler's Wife, South America, by Trollope—Authors edition. WARD, Agent, 130 Thames st.
PHOTOGRAPHIC Albums—Cartes de Visite, a new supply, July 2 WARD, Agent, 130 Thames st.

A VALUABLE BOOK.
JUST WHAT IS WANTED AT THE PRESENT TIME.
DOCKET MANUAL—Statistical Pocket Manual of the Army, Navy, and Census of the United States of America, together with Statistics of all the States and Territories. The people need facts and figures in stead of theories and opinions. *Malheur in Perse.* Complete in one Volume. Price 50 cts. For sale at TILLEY'S, July 2

HEADQUARTERS SEVENTH REGIMENT
Providence, June 11th, 1862.
General Orders, No. 1:
1. In the absence of Colonel Z. Bliss, the Lieutenant Colonel has been directed to take command, and has established the Headquarters of the Regiment at Granite Building, No. 100 Market Square and North Main Street.
2. The Regiment has already been commended and it is confidently expected that the Regiment will be organized and ready to be mustered into the service of the United States by the close of the present month.
3. Rhode Island has now in the field two regiments but recently sent forward, still patriotic spirit and indomitable energy which has so far characterized all her military movements, give assurance that the present earnest call of the government will meet with a prompt and cheerful response.
4. Records, as soon as enlisted, will receive their clothing and rations, together with the State Bounty of FIFTY DOLLARS, and at the close of the term of service are entitled to receive one hundred dollars from the United States.
5. By General Orders, No. 27, character of military companies and other military organizations authorized by the Government, for every thirty recruits furnished, applications for authority to raise recruits, and for commissions, are to be made through the Lieutenant Colonel commanding.
6. By the order of W. B. SAYLES, Lieutenant Colonel Commanding, Seventh Regiment, N. Y., Rhode Island papers will copy and send their bills as above.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
NEWPORT, June 30th 1862.
THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a co-partnership under the style and firm of **PALMER & PORTER.**
For the purpose of carrying on the Boot and Shoe business, at Store 103 1/2 Thames st. GEORGE H. PALMER, GEORGE H. PORTER.

STRAIGHT HOTEL.
THE HOUSE No. 27 & 29 Long Wharf is now open for travellers and boarders. ROBERICK who has experience in the hotel business, will endeavor to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. June 28-3mnd.

FASHIONABLE PATTERNS.
MADAME DEMOREST having established a branch of her NEW YORK EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS in BROAD STREET.
With me, at No. 18 Broad Street, Newport, Ladies and Childrens Patterns of Dressing Cloaks, Waists, Skirts, Aprons, &c. I also furnish the Eagle Tailor, Ho. 44 and Hook & Ladder, &c. of these book thousands, and get away as usually hooked or unhooked, as ordinary kind.
MACHINE STITCHING
Will be done with neatness and dispatch. June 28-1w
DAILY AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS TO PROVIDENCE AND RETURN, FOR 50 CENTS.
To Commence Monday, June 30th. PASSENGERS by the 145 P. M. (only) of the steamer PERRY, (by calling for an Excursion Ticket) of the trip for 50 cents, will retain by the same chance for Newport at 6:10 P. M., or on arrival N. B. Fare and call for an "Excursion Ticket" June 25
SUN AND RAIN UMBRELLAS—A lot of Brown Sun Umbrellas received this day—also a lot of Ladies Gingham Umbrellas of very neat styles at 125 Thames st. R. W. LAWTON, Jr.

BANK OF RHODE ISLAND.
The stockholders of the Bank of Rhode Island are hereby notified that a semi-annual dividend will be paid on a Friday, July 1st, 1862.
DEMONTE CLARKE, Cashier
June 25 (July 4)

PASSENGERS by the 145 P. M. (only) of the steamer PERRY, (by calling for an Excursion Ticket) of the trip for 50 cents, will retain by the same chance for Newport at 6:10 P. M., or on arrival N. B. Fare and call for an "Excursion Ticket" June 25
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PRINTS
HOOD SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
WOOLENS,
COTTONS,
FANCY GOODS
And everything else usually found in a Fashionable Dry Goods Store—all at very low prices.—
H. H. YOUNG, Young's Brick Block, June 25-3m

SUGAR,
TEA,
FLOUR,
MOLASSES,
COFFEE,
FRUIT,
WINE,
RAISINS,
CANDIES,
CIGARS.
And every other article found at a first class Family Grocery, at lower prices than can be bought at any other Store in the city.
H. H. YOUNG, Young's Brick Block, June 25-3m

NEW STORE.
CAL MERCHANDISE.
YOUNG'S BUILDING.
FOURTH STREET.
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE FOUNTAIN
THE SUBSCRIBER would invite the attention of the people of Newport and vicinity, to a choice selection of Goods and Silver Ware, and Open Face Lever and Pocket Watches. Fine Gold Pins and Rings with Coral, Garnet, Pearl, Bazaar, &c. Gold Finger Rings with Diamond, &c. Gold Chains, Bracelets, Thimbles, Buttons, Pins, Nails, Batter Knives, &c. &c. Gold, Silver, and Shell Fruit and Flowers, together with Accordions, Pipes, Violins, &c. &c. and many other articles that cannot here be enumerated, all of which were recently obtained at the very lowest cash prices of Importers and Manufacturers and will be sold very low.

WATCH REPAIRING.
Executed in a thorough manner at reasonable rates and fully warranted.
An excellent assortment of best German Watch Glasses in Store.
JEWELRY, FANS, PARASOLS and Umbrellas made and promptly repaired.
As he intends to make Newport his permanent home, he trusts by strict attention to business, gentlemanly deportment and reasonable dealings, to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage.
June 26
J. M. HALL

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
NEWPORT AND PROVIDENCE.
Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany and the West.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY June 30th, the STEAMER PERRY, Capt. M. B. Allen, will make two trips a day between Newport and Providence, leaving Newport at 7 A. M., and 4 P. M., for Providence, connecting with the "mid day," and afternoon trains for Providence, and returning with the above named places.
Returning will leave Providence at 9:30 A. M., and 6:10 P. M., or on the arrival of Boston and Worcester trains, (and their baggage) transferred from cars and steamer at Providence free.
Baggage checked through.
Passengers by the 145 P. M. boat, proceed no farther than Worcester or the West.
Fares—Newport and Providence, 60 cts; Boston or Worcester, \$2.00.
June 27th
G. L. STANHOPE, Cts. r.

NEWPORT BANK.
THE semi-annual Dividend will be paid to the stockholders on and after Tuesday, July 1st 1862.
H. C. STRYKENS, Cashier
June 27

"BREEZES OF NEWPORT"
"SPRAY OF OCEAN"
THESE NEW and indescribably
ESQUISITE ODORS OF LUBIN,
Manufactured especially for us, and just received from PARIS, are confidently recommended to Ladies, and are confidently recommended to the Newport who are now fanned by "BREEZES" and who rejoice in any "jeu d'esprit." Sold by
GOSWELL, MACK & CO.,
Hotel, New York City.
June 27

THE MOST INTERESTING FING—the most useful—the most reliable Newspaper! The next number commences new volume. Price \$4 per year. Subscriptions received at
JUN 27
TILLEY'S.

SUGARS.
TRWANT'S CRUSHED. Powdered. Granulated. Refined C. Refined C. Havana Brown and Porto Rico at CORNELL'S June 27 17 & 19 Broad & 1 Spring st.

NEW TEAS.—Peachong, Colonial, South on, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Japanese of superior quality at
JUN 27 17 & 19 Broad & 1 Spring st. CORNELL'S

NEW BOOKS.
TROLLOPE'S North America Bay Path. Holland. Students Abroad by Kimball. Cooper. No. 1, new edition, price 5 cts. The Spy. The Last Mohican. The Pathfinder. now ready.
Photographic Album—a new supply. WARD, Agent, 130 Thames st.
June 27
MOH FLOUR.
FOR procuring Capots, Furs, Robes &c. for the traveling of a No. 1.
H. J. TAYLOR'S
June 24
PILOT or Passages in the Life of a Fashionable Young Lady, by Mrs. GUY. For sale at
JUN 24
GOSWELL, MACK & CO.—This Apple of Fennel for Summer use received at 125 Thames st.
June 24
B. W. LAWTON, Jr.

4TH OF JULY.

Clam Bake and Ball

AT THE STONE BRIDGE HOUSE.

THE PROPRIETOR of this pleasant summer retreat respectfully gives notice that a Grand Clam Bake and Ball will be given at this house on the Fourth of July.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a co-partnership, under the style and firm of CURTIS & UNDERWOOD.

MERCHANTS AND FARMERS DINING SALOON.

CURTIS & UNDERWOOD, YOUNG'S BLOCK, Corner Parade and Thames Street.

FURNITURE, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand a complete assortment of FURNITURE.

COFFINS.

We have constantly on hand, Coffins and Caskets, of Rose Wood, Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine.

TO ARRIVE.

PER SCHOONER SARAH JANE, CAPT. GARDNER.

500 bushels extra quality White and Mixed Flour, 50 Bags Fresh Meal, 50 do White Boiled Meal, 50 do Flaxseed Meal, 5000 Bbls. Rock Salt—Imported, 25 Bbls. Sugar, 50 do Timothy Hay, extra quality, 50 Bbls. Flour, 2 Bbls. Santa Cruz Sugar, 1 Muscovado, 10 refined, crushed, powdered, &c., 15 Bbls. Brown HAVANA, For sale at C. P. BARBER'S, June 20.

FRUITS.

OF VARIOUS KINDS, just received at No. 1 & 6 Market Square, viz:— 10 Boxes Oranges, 10 do Lemons, 1 bbl. Dried Peaches, 1 do. Plums, A lot of Imported Sauces, Oils, Catsups, &c., of choice kinds, together with Sultana, Box, (M. & L.) and Layer's Raisins, in whole, half or quarter boxes.

Received this Day.

At No. 1 & 6 Market Square, 50 Chests Oolong, English Breakfast and Green Teas, 10 do. Maracato Coffee, 10 do. Java do, 10 do. Old Government do, 10 do. Old do, 10 do. Old do, 10 do. Old do, 10 Boxes White Havana Sugar, 20 Bbls. New Orleans Molasses, 5 Bbls. Molasses, 4 do. Porto Rico do, 2 Tierces Rice, &c. Don't forget the number— 4 & 6 Market Square, June 20.

JUST RECEIVED

PER SCHOONER EMILY, CAPT. SNOW.

1600 Bushels Dried, best quality, 1500 " MIXED CORN, 500 " WHEAT SHORTS—of three grades.

More Fresh Goods.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

CHAS. P. BARBER'S

CONSISTING OF

10 Cakes Hams, 1 Box Tongues, 2 Bbls. Smoked Beef, 50 Tubs Fresh New York Butter, 20 Eggs, 20 Boxes New Cheese, 20 do. Old do, choicest quality, 10 do. Italian Dairy do, old Cheese, 10 do. Pine Apple Cheese, 10 Bazzies Beef, 10 do. Pork, For sale at 4 & 6 Market Square, June 20.

GOING UP

200 TONS PRIME LORREY COAL to arrive this week. Buy now at WILLIAMS, 172 Thames st.

SPRITS TURPENTINE.

NARONA SPRITS TURPENTINE.—We have a trial of the Narona Turpentine from all parts of the State, and find it to be the best.

AGENTS FOR NEW ENGLAND, 40 Fulton street, Boston.

For sale by Banker & Carpenter, Merrill & Co., 172 Thames st.

POCKET FILTERS with drinking Tubes attached at H. J. TAYLOR'S, June 11.

LOOK AT THIS!

THE Opera House, entire new edition, illuminated cover, perfect except slight scuffing, and for about half price at the City Music Store.

THE Opera House, bound in the same style with English and Italian Words, will be sold very cheap for the same cause.

A collection of Sacred Music for First and Second Soprano voices, well bound, for same reason will be sold very low.

ADAMS AND GENTLEMEN.

Desires of selling their coat of clothing, furniture, and other articles, the highest price is given, by addressing a few lines to P. K. NEWPORT Post Office, June 17—Impd.

MEN'S Black Skin Shoes, just received at J. M. SWAN'S.

MEN'S Cloth Coats, just received at J. M. SWAN'S.

NEW BOOKS.

THE Golden Rule, or The Mysterious Cash Box, by William Collins.

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MOUTH WASH.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S MOUTH WASH.

And the best specific now in use for any disease of the mouth.

It is particularly beneficial to the throat.

It is a SWEET BREATH.

It is a BAD BREATH.

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Latest News

TO THE NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.

BY THE AMERICAN LINE, KINGSLEY'S OFFICE.

Two and a half o'clock.

THE NEW MILITARY BASE OF OPERATIONS BEFORE RICHMOND—LARGE FLEET OF GUNBOATS ASCENDING JAMES RIVER.

—IMMENSE LOSS IN THE LATE BATTLE—GEN. JACKSON KILLED.

NEW YORK, 2nd.

Tribune's Fortress Monroe correspondent under date of the afternoon of Monday states that the Gunboat Dragon had arrived from the upper waters of James River with despatches for Flag officer Goldsborough, with Gen. Dix.

It is understood that Gen. McClellan's right was attacked with great impetuosity by Stonewall Jackson whose men successfully charged our artillery, sustaining a loss not less than 5000 men. Our loss was very severe.

It is reported that Jackson was killed and that one of our Brigades Generals was taken prisoner, together with an entire Regiment.

Gen. F. John Porter was severely pressed and crossed the Chickahominy to the westward, the enemy taking the left on his left.

Gen. McClellan with much severe fighting had penetrated and passed through White Oak Swamp, with 40,000 men and 100 pieces of artillery, to a secure and advantageous position and subsequently cut through a line of communication with James River.

It is reported that during the two days fighting Gen. McClellan lost was 10,000.

The most important feature covered by the reports is that Gen. McClellan has succeeded in penetrating White Oak Swamp and placing a very large force on the other side of it. While this must have advanced a heavy body of his troops to within four miles of Richmond, it was at the same time a bold push towards the point opposite Fort Darling, the two principal ideas held distinctly in view Friday evening, the hour of the last intelligence from Gen. McClellan left.

When the Dragon left, the wounded had commenced arriving on the banks of James River. Several hundred had already congregated opposite City Point. The gunboat Stepping Stones was taking them on board for Old Point.

Telegraphic communication beyond Yorktown was cut off and officials permit nothing outside of official dispatches to go upon the wire.

Four p. m. Gen. Stoneman has arrived from Yorktown having been cut off at White House, part of his command came down by water last evening an immense fleet of steamers and schooners conveyed by a gunboat is about to leave for Turkey Bend, the newbase. Three regts. under Gen. Casey will be taken up.

BALLAD MUSIC—Much the largest and choicest collection of Ballads ever offered in Newport, can now be seen at the City Music Store, 83 Thames-st.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD BE PLEASED TO FURNISH ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

MADE IN THE BEST MANNER.

PARLOR AND BED-ROOM SETS, LIBRARY, DINING-ROOM, AND HALL FURNITURE.

Designs furnished if desired. Upholstery, Carving, Turning, and Sewing done at the shortest notice.

PICTURE FRAMES of all styles of moulding made to order; also Window Cornices of every style.

All kinds of HARD WOOD LUMBER planed and for sale at A. G. GREENE'S, 11 Church street.

BERAERS.

A Lot of Cheap Berage Pink, Light Blue, Brown and French Blue, for sale at 12 1/2 cents a yard.

LAWTON BROTHERS.

SMALL FIGURED, neat patterns of Tapestry and Brussels Carpets, cheap at WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

UPHOLSTERING.

MATRESS MAKING.

GEORGE NASON.

REPAIRING and all kinds of Upholstering done with neatness; also Carpets put in the best manner and of the latest styles.

All kinds of mattresses and loungers for sale at the lowest prices.

MATRESSES MADE OVER and the HAIR WELL PICKED.

All orders left at my shop will be attended to with promptness.

ROOM 66 SPRING STREET.

RHODE ISLAND UNION BANK.

The Stockholders of this Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of 10 per cent. on the paid up capital of \$100,000 will be declared payable on and after July 1st, 1862.

J. S. COGGESWELL, Cash.

IF YOU WANT ANYTHING in the line of GROCERIES AND FRUITS, and don't know just where to find it, go to the store on the right corner of the Parade, and you will be sure to see it there.

SOL. T. HUBBARD.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has lately commenced the

EXPRESS BUSINESS.

And is now ready to attend to all orders in that line of business on reasonable terms. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

All orders left at 36 John Street or at J. H. Crosby's Store, Levee Street, will be promptly attended to.

36—3mos—p.

SONGS, GLEES, CHORUSES &c.

with Piano and Melodicon Accompaniment.

300,000 Volunteers

TO BE CALLED OUT!

REPORT THAT RICHMOND IS TAKEN.

The morning papers containing the following:

The President has received a letter signed by the Governors of many of the Northern and Western States, offering to fill up their respective regiments to the maximum, and to raise more troops sufficient to bring the war to a speedy close.

The President accepts the offer, proposes to call 300,000 more men. The order fixes the quota of each State will be made to-day.

The following is the President's reply to the Governors:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 1st, 1862.

GENTLEMEN,—Fully concurring in the views expressed to me in so patriotic a manner by you in the communication of the 28th day of June, I have decided to call into the service an additional force of 300,000 men. I suggest and recommend that the troops should be chiefly of infantry. The quota of your State would be — I trust that they may be enrolled without delay, so as to bring this unnecessary and injurious civil war to a speedy and satisfactory conclusion.

An order fixing the quota of the respective States will be issued by the War Department to-morrow.

(Signed) ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The only advice from General McClellan this morning are by mail from Fortress Monroe, under date of Monday. They are scarcely more than confirmatory of previous news. Skirmishing is still going on, but with what result is not known. It is rumored at Fortress Monroe that Richmond has been taken, but on no tangible authority. Vessels are coming down York River every hour, laden with stores of all kinds.

Gen. Curtis is said to be in a very dangerous position, and out of reach of supplies. Rebel advance is retreating to the Missouri line.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.—PORT OF NEWPORT, WEDNESDAY, July 2.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

SCHOONERS Remond, Hall, Wilson, from New York—3000 bushels corn to Perry & Stevens; James Lawrence, Rogers, from Elizabethport—30 tons coal; Wm. Fern, Winlow, Providence via Bristol for New Bedford.

SLOOPS Hamilton, Wells, from Bristol; W. O. Pendleton, Barker, Providence for Western; Victoria, Rider, Fall River for Sandwich.

SAILED YESTERDAY.

SCHOONER Fanny Fern, Briggs for New York.

Sloop Congress, Barker, Weymouth for do.

SAILED THIS MORNING.

Sloop Napoleon, Baudry, and Victoria, for Sandwich.

JUST RECEIVED BY W. H. BLISS.

117 THAMES STREET.

NEW PATENT Chandeliers, Pendants, and Portables, with a good assortment of globes.

Iron, Rubber and Common Table Cutlery, and a large assortment of Pocket Cutlery. Refrigerators of the most approved patterns.

Two or three good second hand Refrigerators for sale at a bargain.

Both Tubes of different styles.

COOPER'S NOVELS.—The Prairie—A Tale by E. Cooper. The Pathfinder, or the Indian Sea, by Cooper. For sale at TILLEY'S.

FANCY GOODS, TOYS AND YANKEE NOTIONS.

IN ENDLESS VARIETY. Dealers will find it advantageous to call before purchasing, or forward their orders. Goods are selling cheap, to make room for the immense stock of FIRE WORKS from all the principal Manufacturers in New England. For sale at a low price, and ready to furnish Fire Works, from our Thousand Torpedoes at 25 cents, to a display of Five Thousand Dollars.

10,000,000 Torpedoes.

12,000 Boxes of Cap Crackers.

HOLDEN, CUTLER & CO., 33 & 35 Federal Street, 107, 111 & 113 Congress Sts., BOSTON.

TRITON SALOON.

JAMES T. POTTER, Proprietor.

NO. 155 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

LADIES AND GENTLEMENS Dining Rooms up Stairs. Meals served at all hours with promptness. All the DELICACIES OF THE SEASON constantly on hand. The utmost attention given to patrons and a continuance of past favor solicited.

INCREASE SUCCESS!

CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES.

GREAT BARGAINS are offered daily at the Clothing Store, No. 93 Thames st., next door to Wm. S. Nichols. The proprietor respectfully invites his friends and patrons to call and examine his large stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, which he offers less than cost. The stock being uncommonly large, he would like to reduce it, therefore come and secure good bargains in time—also a large assortment of Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c. Give us a call, and we will show you where to buy.

J. D. MORAN, 92 THAMES ST.

KAY STREET HOUSE.

The subscriber having purchased this de-lightfully located House, and thoroughly repaired and renovated it, has opened it for boarders. Families accommodated with pleasant suits of rooms at reasonable prices.

June 30m JOSEPH BATHMAN.

BLACK SILK MANTLES.

A NEW lot of Black Silk Mantles, just received this morning.

June 14 W. C. COZZENS & CO.

B. BURTON & CO'S STEAMBOAT, FREIGHT AND BAG GAGE EXPRESS.

Office 189 Thames Street. HOUSE 35 LEVIN STREET.

POSTSCRIPT.

THE GURKILLAS AT WORK.

LOUISVILLE, July 1.

The Turnpike bridge between Harrodsburg, Perryville and another between Nicholasville and Pekin were burned last night, supposed by Guerrillas. Hickman bridge is considered in danger.

RAILROAD CARS BURNED BY OUR TROOPS.

PHILADELPHIA, 2.

A letter from Fortress Monroe, Sunday states that forage trains sent from White House to Dunsmuir Station on Saturday, met the rebel pickets and backed down to White House, where the cars were burned, engines blown up, and ambulances and baggage wagons rolled into the river, there being no time to destroy them. The rebels were not in sight of White House Point on Sunday morning when the steamer left. The buildings at White House burned all night and were completely destroyed.

JUST RECEIVED BY R. WILSON.

79 THAMES STREET.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

BERMUDA POTATOES—Jackson Whites and Peach Blows.

TOMATOES, Cucumbers, &c.

ORANGES, Lemons, &c.

STRING BEANS, Peas, &c.

BANANAS, Pineapples, &c.

ASPARAGUS, Lettuce, &c.

CHERRIES fine and fresh.

CABBAGES, Cauliflowers, &c. Strawberries fresh from the vine. Turnips, Onions, Parsley, &c. Green Gooseberries at June 25.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LIMENT.

GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY.

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, EILES, HEADACHES, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIC AFFECTIONS.

